30.—Manufacturing Establishments, Grouped According to Gross Values of Products, with Total Values of Products in each Class, by Provinces, 1932.

Note.—The figures in this table do not include central electric stations.

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Group.	Prince Edward Island.		Nova Scotia.		New Brunswick.	
	Estab- lish- ments.	Production.	Estab- lish- ments.	Production.	Estab- lish- ments.	Production.
Gross Value of Products. (000 omitted.)	No.		No.	s	No.	\$
Under \$ 25. \$ 25— 50. 50— 100. 100— 200. 200— 500. 500— 1,000. 1,000— 5,000. 5,000 and over.	234 16 75 - -	1,502,412 556,718 498,309 734,974 — — —	74 52 35 18 9 6	4,886,799 6,357,654 18,280,105	660 46 42 27 16 5 8	3,909,830 1,536,217 3,023,822 3,795,790 5,050,388 3,436,266 23,379,823
Totals	262	3,292,413	1,325	45,994,642	804	44,132,136
Group.	Quebec.		Ontario.		Manitoba.	
(000 omitted.) Under \$ 25. \$ 25.— 50. 50.— 100. 100.— 200. 200.— 500. 500.— 1,000. 1,000.— 5,000. 5,000 and over. Totals.	5,841 592 436 351 275 121 86 16	35, 669, 110 20, 992, 314 30, 802, 775 49, 737, 460 86, 532, 259 85, 044, 423 192, 528, 011 122, 390, 337 623, 696, 689	5, 867 1, 144 869 649 497 207 151 16	48, 286, 992 40, 807, 123 62, 044, 152 91, 577, 133 154, 519, 722 146, 295, 041 289, 007, 957 145, 906, 561	582 108 94 67: 42: 25: 13	4,063,474 3,936,672 6,569,573 9,557,165 11,985,165 18,035,776 35,373,914
Group .	Saskatchewan.		Alberta.		British Columbia.	
(000 omitted.) Under \$ 25. \$ 25— 50. 50— 100. 100— 200. 200— 500. 500— 1,000. 1,000— 5,000. 5,000 and over.	499 52 52 21 10 6 4	2,982,842 1,807,521 3,645,123 2,840,942 3,045,008 3,727,050 13,574,920	656 96 40 27 23 14 10		1,047 170 142 91 64 28 15 4	7,311,940 6,032,684 10,209,371 12,890,243 19,084,617 18,697,233 27,169,475 29,060,096
Totals	614	31,623,406	866	50, 612, 808	1,561	130,455,659

Size as Measured by Number of Employees—In Tables 31 and 32 (see p. 502) the establishments reporting to the Census of Manufactures are classified by the number of their employees. In 1923, establishments employing 501 hands or over accounted for 21·4 p.c. of the total number of employees engaged in manufacturing. By 1929 they accounted for 27·3 p.c. of the total, indicating the increasing concentration of production into larger units. This tendency, however, was checked by the depression, the percentage having dropped to 21·6 (central electric stations included). The same also holds true for all establishments employing 100 hands and over. In 1923 they employed 58·6 p.c. of the total, in 1929, 61·9 p.c. and in 1932, 58·0 p.c.